PROPOSITIONS
AND
ORDERS
BY THE
LORDS And *COMMONS*
Now Assembled in PARLIAMENT, for bringing in of

MONEY or PLATE,

TO MAINTAINE

HORSE, HORSE-MEN, AND

ARMES for the preservation of the Publike Peace, and for the Defence of the King and both *Houses* of PARLIAMENT.

Die Veneris, 10. *Junij*, 1642.

Ordered by the *Lords* and *Commons* in Parliament, that these Propositions shall be forthwith printed and published.

Io. Browne Cleric. Parliamentorum.

LONDON, Printed for *Edward Husbands*, and *I. F.* and are to be sold at the next doore to the *Kings-head* in *Fleet-street*. 1642.

PROPOSITIONS AND *ORDERS* By the LORDS and COMMONS in *Parliament*, for bringing in of MONEY or PLATE, *&c.*

WHereas it appeares that the King (leduced by wicked counſell) intends to make warre againſt his Parliament, and in purſuance thereof, under pretence of a guard for his Perſon, hath actually begun to levie forces both of Horſe and Foote, and ſent out ſummons throughout the County of *Yorke* for the calling together of greater numbers, and ſome ill affected perſons have bin imployed in other parts to raiſe Troopes under the colour of his Majeſties ſervice, making large offers of reward and preferment to ſuch as will come in; And that his Majeſty doth with a high and forcible hand, protect and keepe away Delinquents, not permitting them to make their appearance to anſwer ſuch affronts and injuries as have bin by them offered unto the Parliament, and thoſe Meſſengers which have been ſent from the Houſes for them, have been abuſed, beaten and impriſoned, ſo as the Orders of Parliament, which is the higheſt Court of Iuſtice in this Realme, are not obeyed, and the authority of it is altogether ſcorned and vilified, and ſuch Perſons as

ſtand well affected to it, and declare themſelves ſenſible of theſe publike calamities, and of the violations of the Priviledges of Parliament and common liberty of the Subject, are baffled and injured by ſeverall ſorts of malignant men who are about the King, ſome whereof, under the name of Caviliers, without having reſpect to the Lawes of the Land, or any feare either of God or man, are ready to commit all manner of outrage and violence, which muſt needs tend to the diſſolution of this Governement, the deſtroying of our Religion, Lawes, liberty and propriety; all which will be expoſed to the malice and violence of ſuch deſperate perſons as muſt be imployed in ſo horred and unnaturall an act as the overthrowing of a Parliament by force, which is the ſupport and preſervation of them; All which being duely conſidered by the Lords and Commons, and how great an obligation lyes upon them, in Honour, Conſcience and Duty, according to the high truſt repoſed in them, to uſe all poſſible meanes in ſuch caſes, for the timely prevention of ſo great and irrecoverable evills, they have thought fit to publiſh their ſence and apprehenſion of this imminent danger, thereby to excite all well affected perſons to contribute their beſt aſſiſtance, according to their ſolemne Vow and Proteſtation, to the preparations neceſſary for the oppoſing and ſuppreſſing of the trayterous attempts of theſe wicked and Malignant Councellors, who ſeeke to engage the King in ſo dangerous and deſtructive an enterpriſe, and the whole Kingdome in a civill War, and deſtroy the Priviledges and being of Parliaments: This recourſe to the good affections of thoſe that tender their Religion and juſt Liberties, and the

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enjoyment of the bleſſed fruits of this preſent Parliament, which were almoſt ready to be reaped, and are now as ready to be ruined by thoſe wicked hands, being the only remedy left them under God, and without which they are no longer able to preſerve themſelves or thoſe by whom they are intruſted.

1. They the ſaid Lords and Commons doe declare, that whoſoever ſhall bring in any proportion of ready Mony or Plate, or ſhall under-write to furniſh and maintain any number of Horſe, Horſe-men and Arms, for the preſervation of the publike peace, and for the defence of the King and both Houſes of Parliament from force and violence, and to uphold the Power and Priviledges of Parliament according to his Proteſtation, it ſhall be held a good and acceptable Service to the Common-wealth and a Teſtimony of his good Affection to the Proteſtant Religion, the Lawes, Liberties and peace of this Kingdome, and to the Parliament and Priviledges thereof.

And becauſe a conſiderable ayde cannot be raiſed by few Hands, and the condition of all mens Eſtates and occaſions is not alwayes proportionable to their Affection, The Lords and Commons doe declare, that no mans Affection ſhall be meaſured according to the proportion of his offer, ſo that he expreſſe his good will to this Service in any proportion whatſoever.

2. And it is further declared by the Lords and Commons in Parliament, that whoſoever ſhall bring in any Mony or Plate, or ſhall furniſh and maintaine any Horſe, Horſe-men and Armes for the purpoſes afore-ſaid, ſhall have their Mony repayed with the Intereſt according to 8. pound *per cent.* and the full value

of their Plate with Conſideration for the faſhion, not exceeding one ſhilling by the ounce, and ſhall have full Recompence for all their charge, in finding, furniſhing and maintaining of Horſe, Horſe-men and Arms, and for this both Houſes of Parliament doe engage the publike faith.

3. And it is ordained that Sir *John Wollaſton* Knight and Alderman, Alderman *Towes*, Alderman *Warner* and Alderman *Andrewes* ſhall be Treaſurers to receive all ſuch Mony and Plate as ſhall be brought in for the purpoſes afore-ſaid, and that the acquittances of them or any two of them for the receipt of the ſame ſhall be a ſufficient ground for the party ſo lending Money or Plate to demand the ſame againe with the Intereſt, and likewiſe conſideration for the faſhion of the Plate.

4. It is Ordered that ſhall be Commiſſaries to value the Horſe & Armes, that ſhall be furniſhed for this Service, & that a ſignification under the hands of them or any two of them, of ſuch values of the Horſe and Arms, and of the time when they were firſt brought in, ſhall be a Warrant to demand ſatisfaction according to the ſaid values, and they ſhall keepe an account of the time from the firſt inrolment of any ſuch Horſe and Horſe-men, that ſuch as find and maintaine them may be repayed according to the rate of 2. ſh. 6^{d}. *per diem*, for ſo long time as they have maintained them in this Service, and the Commiſſaries are to attend at Guild-Hall for the receiving and entroling of ſuch numbers of Horſe as ſhall be brought in.

5. It is ordered that whoſoever ſhall bring in Mony or Plate, or ſhall provide, and maintaine, Horſe Horſe-men and Armes for this Service ſhall doe according to their duty therein. And the Lords and Commons do

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ingage the Power and Authority of Parliament, to save them harmleſſe from all prejudice and inconvenience that may befall them by occaſion thereof.

6. It is ordered that the Members of either Houſe who are preſent ſhall be deſired to declare in their Houſes reſpectively what Mony or Plate they wil bring in, or what Horſe, Horſe-men and Armes they will find and maintaine.

It is deſired that all ſuch as have their reſidence in or about *London* or within 80. miles will bring in their Mony, Plate or Horſe, within a fortnight after notice, and they that dwell further off within three weeks.

And becauſe every perſon may not be provided with preſent Money or with Horſe, or not have his Plate with him which he meanes to bring in, and yet reſolves to contribute his part within the time limited, and that it is neceſſary it ſhould be preſently known what the proviſion will be for the effecting of this great and important ſervice. It is ordered that the Committees of either Houſe appointed for that purpoſe reſpectively, ſhall receive the ſubſcriptions of ſuch Members of each Houſe as have not declared themſelves in the Houſe, or are abſent upon the publike ſervice or for their private occaſions. 2. That the Committee of *London*, intruſted with the *Militia*, ſhall receive the ſubſcriptions in *London* and *Middleſex*. 3. That ſome perſons nominated by the Knights and Burgeſſes of each County, and approved by both Houſes, ſhall be appointed to receive the ſubſcriptions in the ſeverall Counties.

And laſtly it is declared, that whatſoever is brought in, ſhall not at all be imployed upon any other occaſion

sion then to the purposes aforesaid, which are to maintaine the Protestant Religion, the Kings Authority, and his Person in his Royall dignity, the free course of Iustice, the Lawes of the Land, the Peace of the Kingdome, and the Priviledges of Parliament, against any force which shall oppose them: And this by the direction of both Houses of Parliament.

FINIS.